S4 - EMERGENCY PLAN

FIRE

- 1. Make sure children are safe by evacuating them to the assembly point or safe area.
- 2. Call the fire department.
- 3. The fire extinguisher or bucket of sand should be used to put out fires that can be controlled.
- If the fire is out of control, do not try and put the fire out yourself.
- 5. Close doors and windows as you leave to contain the
- Children must be accounted for at the assembly area.

GAS LEAK OR DANGEROUS MATERIAL SPILLS

- 1. Make sure the children are safe by evacuating them to a safe area.
- 2. Do not touch light switches or use your cell phone or electrical equipment in the area.
- 3. If the spill or leak is serious, call 112.

SUSPICIOUS, VIOLENT OR HARMFUL ACTS

- 1. Do not open the door to see what is happening.
- 2. Do not confront the person.
- 3. Keep children inside and away from the windows.
- 4. If you hear shooting nearby, get all the children to lie on the floor.
- 5. Lock the door.
- 6. Call the police.
- 7. Do not leave the room until it is safe to do so.

ACCIDENTS AND INJURIES

- Inform the family about any accident, injury, knocks to the head.
- In a medical emergency stabilise and comfort he child.
- 3. Call ambulance service or the national cell phone emergency 112.
- 4. An adult must be with the child at all times including when transported to the hospital.

DRAW OR DESCRIBE YOUR EVACUATION PLAN HERE:			
Nearest exit:	Assembly r	point:	
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!! HEALTH WARNING SIGNS IN CHILDREN!!

If you notice these warning signs inform the parent and seek medical guidance:

- COUGHING: A child is coughing and breathing fast
- <u>FEVER</u>: A child's temperature is over 37° or their head is very hot to the touch, they are sweating, shivering and not hungry
- **VOMITING**: A child cannot keep food or liquids down
- RUNNY TUMMY: A child has a constant liquid diarrhoea and has swollen eyes



LOCAL POLICE STATION:	
CLOSEST CLINIC:	
FIRE DEPARTMENT:	
AMBULANCE SERVICE:	



